



Memorial Sloan Kettering
Cancer Center

Cancer in low- and middle-income countries: MSK's Global Cancer Disparities Initiatives

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Conflicts of Interest

- Medical advisory board for the Prevent Cancer Foundation
- President, Surgeons OverSeas (SOS)



Cancer is a growing problem in Low- and Middle-Income Countries (LMIC)

- By 2050, 70% of the predicted 24 million people with cancer will reside in LMIC
- Lancet Oncology Commission on Global Cancer Surgery: majority of cancer patients require surgical intervention

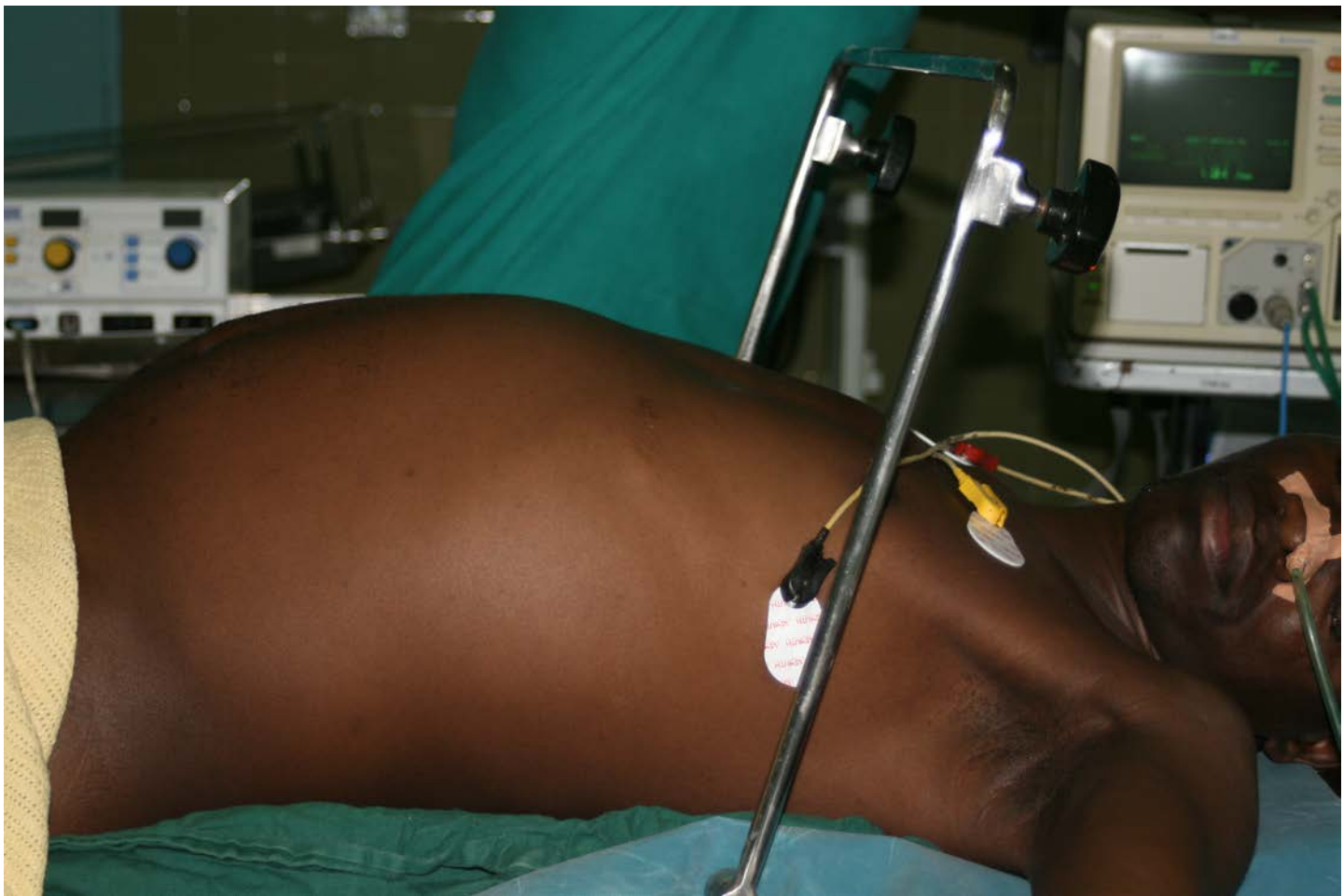


The
New York
Times

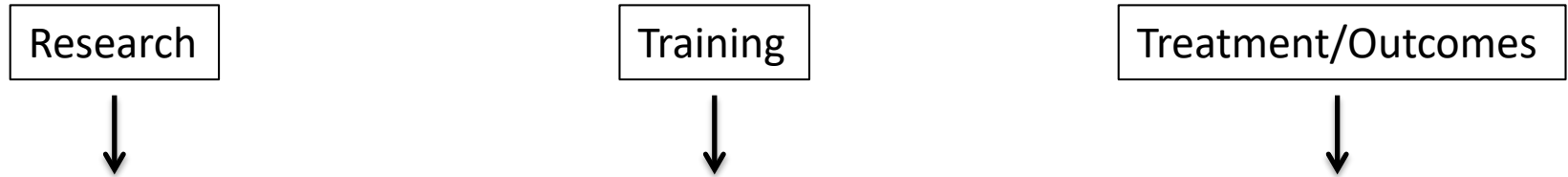
MSK Global Cancer Disparity Initiatives

- Established with Sir Murray Brennan, MD, in 2011
- Multidisciplinary group with monthly meetings
- Goal to improve outcomes for cancer patients in LMIC





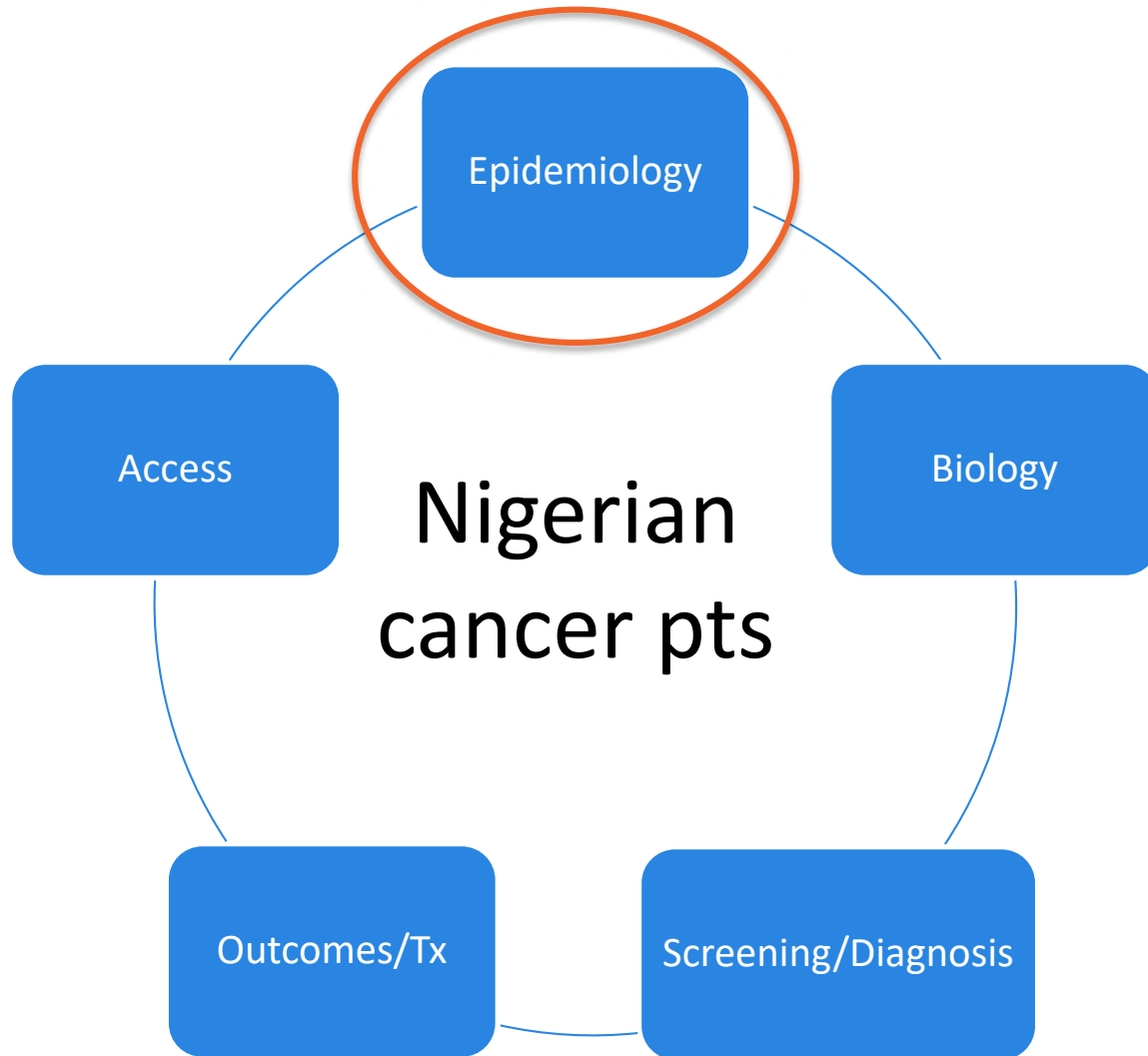
Africa Research Group for Oncology (ARGO) Consortium



- Goals:
1. Improve outcomes for cancer patients
 2. Perform clinically meaningful research
 3. Create a model that can be replicated elsewhere
 4. Career development in Nigeria and MSK



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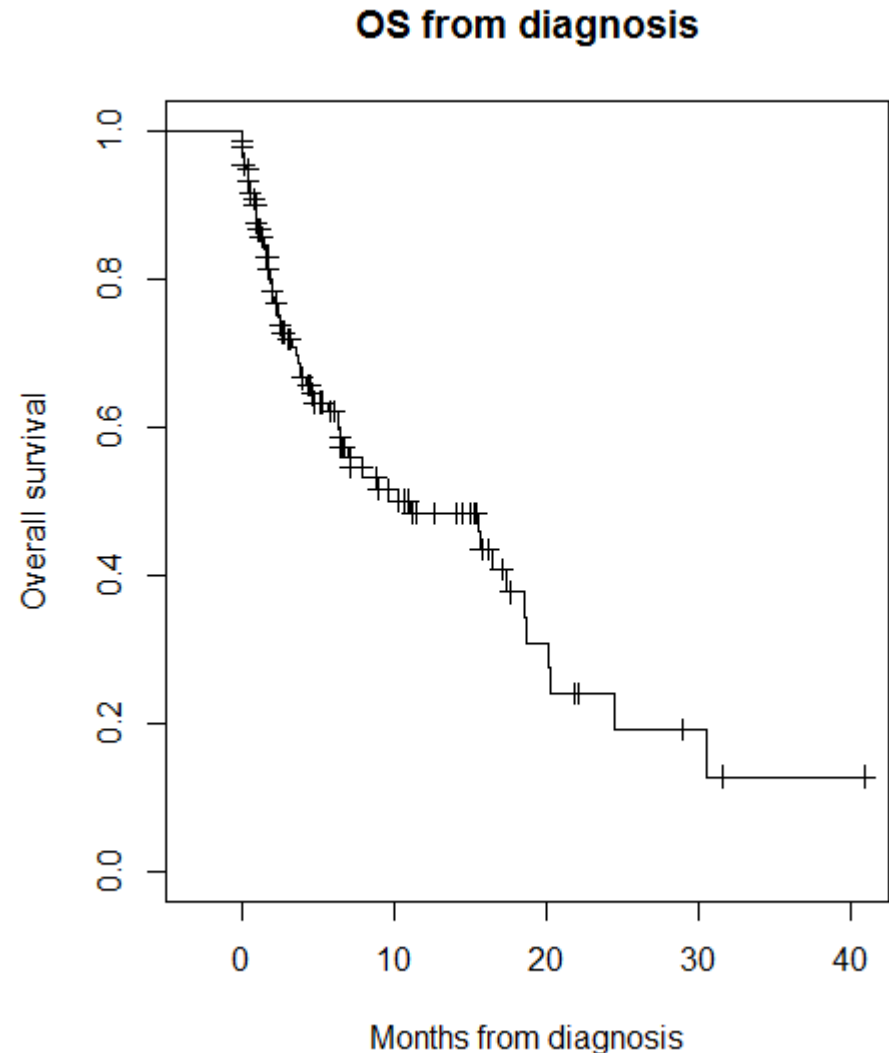
CRC patients present late in Nigeria

Stage	% Nigeria (n=380)	% USA (SEER)
I	.3%	39%
II	13%	36%
III	34%	-
IV	54%	20%



Survival in patients with CRC in Nigeria is poor

- 6-month survival:
62.6% (95% CI:
53.6-72.1)
- 12 month survival:
48.4% (95% CI:
38.9-60.1)



Breast cancer in Nigeria: late stage presentation

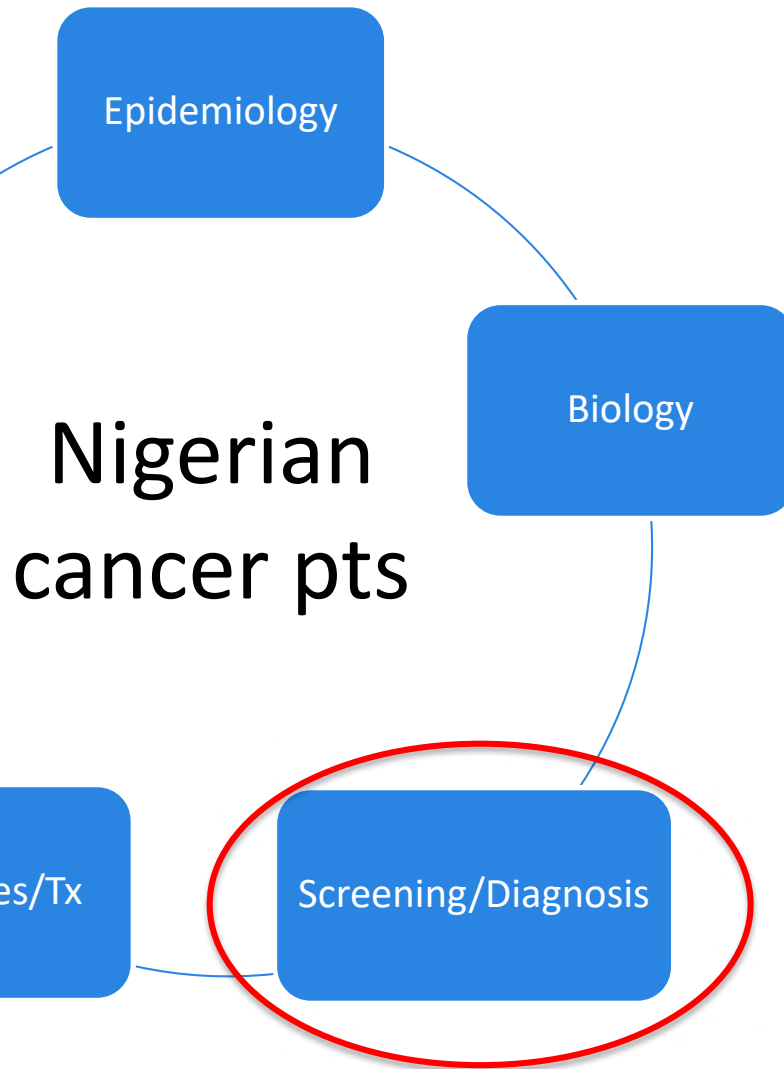
- 401/509 (79%) Nigerian women present with locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer¹
- 5-yr OS stage III disease:
 - Nigeria: 28%²
 - USA: 85%³

¹ Olasehinde, Romanoff, Kingham unpublished data

² Mankanjuola SB, et al. Radiother Oncol. 111(2):321-326. 2014

³ Noone AM, et al. SEER Cancer Statistics. SEER website 2019





Approaches to screening for CRC in Nigeria

- No prospective trials of any CRC screening method in asymptomatic individuals in sub-Saharan Africa
 - Is it feasible?
 - High-risk groups ideal
- In LMIC, FIT is recommended for both organized and opportunistic screening
 - World Gastroenterology Association, DCPP-3, African Organization for Research & Training in Cancer
- Potentially a unique set of issues with stool testing in Nigeria



Approaches for screening for CRC in Nigeria

	Average risk	First degree relatives	Symptomatic
FIT	X	X	
Clinical screen			X
Urine metabolites		X	X



Approaches for screening for CRC in Nigeria

	Average risk	First degree relatives	Symptomatic
FIT	X	X	
Clinical screen			X
Urine metabolites		X	X



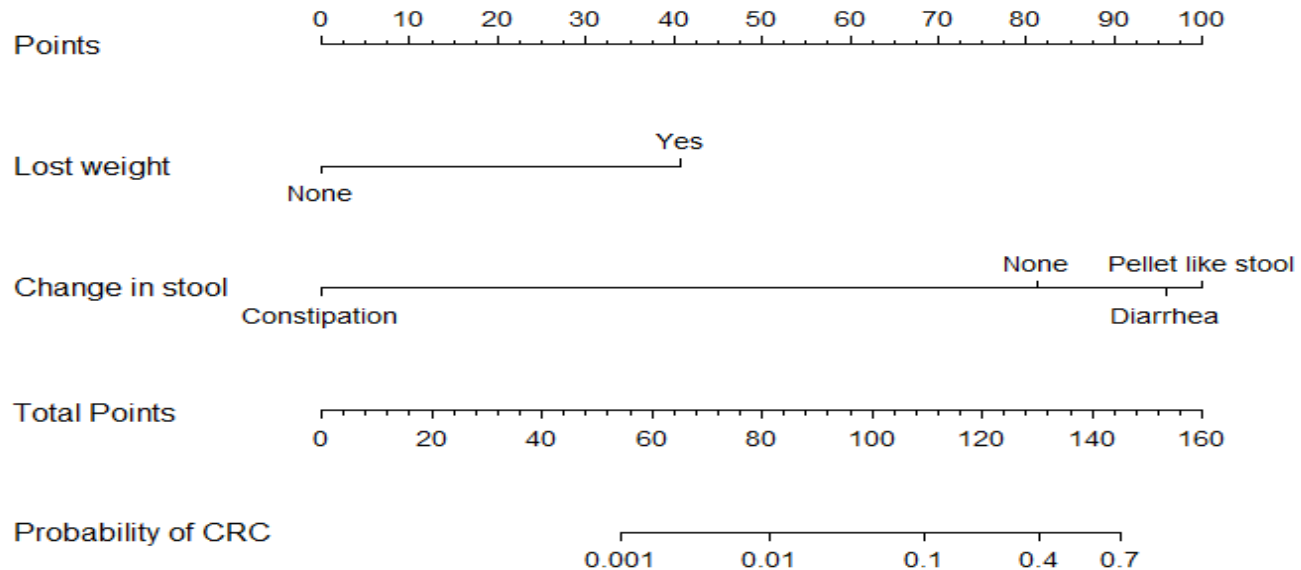
Can we identify patients at high risk for CRC?

- 362 patients, >45 years old, >1 week rectal bleeding:
 - examination and colonoscopy

Source of bleeding	Training cohort (%) n=217	Validation cohort (%) n=145
Hemorrhoid	89 (41%)	31 (21.4%)
Diverticulosis	54 (24.9)	27 (18.6)
CRC	37 (17%)	28 (19%)
Polyps	15 (7%)	11(8%)



Clinical algorithm can identify highest risk pts



Cancer stage at diagnosis in high-risk patients

CRC stage	Overall	Training	Validation
II	19 (29%)	16 (42%)	3 (11%)
III	30 (46%)	11 (29%)	19 (68%)
IV	17 (26%)	11 (29%)	6 (21%)

Currently in Nigeria:

Presenting stage	% cases (n=380)
I	.3%
II	13%
III	34%
IV	54%



Approaches for screening for CRC in Nigeria

	Average risk	First degree relatives	Symptomatic
FIT	X	X	
Clinical screen			X
Urine metabolites		X	X



Improving detection of early stage breast cancer



Improving detection of early stage breast cancer

- 400 women pilot
- Community-based study
 - Clinical breast exam
 - iBreast handheld device
 - US/Mammo
- 88pts: PPV 45%; NPV 95%



Mobile health technology can be used for breast mass biopsy

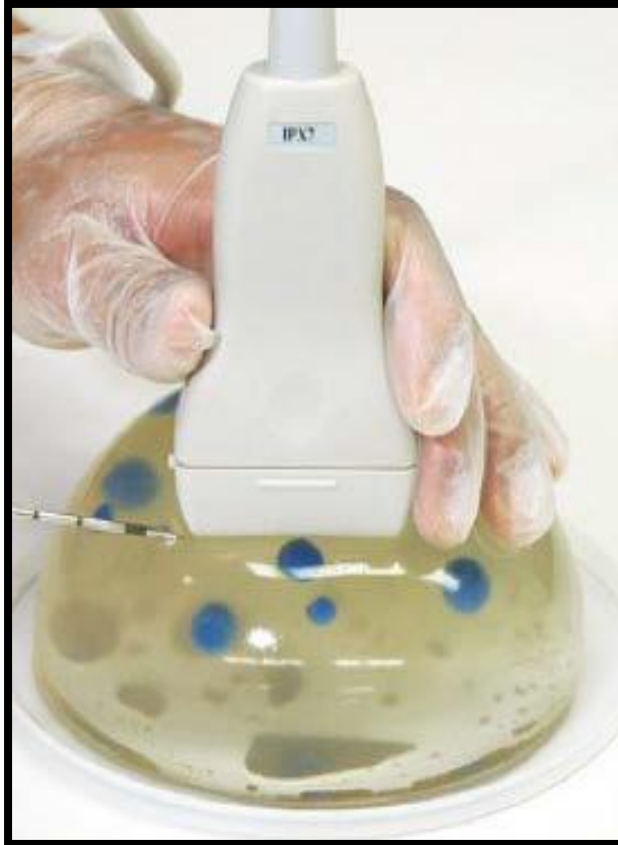


Standard US



mHealth US device

Remote and on-site training opportunities utilizing simulation-based training and m-Health



Conclusions

- Global oncology is a growing field
 - Meaningful additions to oncology knowledge
- Opportunity for partnerships to bridge barriers to screening, diagnosis and treatment



Thank you



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